## Child Data Snapshot
### Shelby County

#### Demographic summary (2017)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>2018* Number</th>
<th>2018 Rate/ Percentage</th>
<th>Chg from 2000§</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>FAMILY &amp; COMMUNITY ECONOMIC WELL-BEING</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Children living under the poverty level</td>
<td>252</td>
<td>9.9%</td>
<td>+4.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unemployed individuals age 16 and over</td>
<td>132</td>
<td>2.0%</td>
<td>-15.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SCHOOL READINESS &amp; SUCCESS</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3- and 4-year-olds participating in preschool (*2014-18 average)</td>
<td>96</td>
<td>33.6%</td>
<td>-10.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fourth graders proficient in reading (*2003)</td>
<td>96</td>
<td>76.2%</td>
<td>-7.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eighth graders proficient in mathematics (*2003)</td>
<td>124</td>
<td>86.1%</td>
<td>+2.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High school graduation (students graduating with class in 4 years)</td>
<td>166</td>
<td>98.8%</td>
<td>+4.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>STABLE, SECURE FAMILIES</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cases of child abuse/neglect (per 1,000)</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>18.8%</td>
<td>+219.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single-parent families (*2014-18 average)</td>
<td>402</td>
<td>31.1%</td>
<td>+20.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teen births (number/pct of females 15-19 giving birth)</td>
<td>* * *</td>
<td>* * *</td>
<td>* * *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Live births that are to unmarried teens</td>
<td>* * *</td>
<td>* * *</td>
<td>* * *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>HEALTHY CHILDREN</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Live births where prenatal care began during first trimester (*2007)</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>67.5%</td>
<td>-13.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Infant Mortality (per 1,000)</td>
<td>* * *</td>
<td>* * *</td>
<td>* * *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child deaths (per 100,000)</td>
<td>* * *</td>
<td>* * *</td>
<td>* * *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low birthweight (live births less than 5.5 pounds)</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>9.9%</td>
<td>+24.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Children 0-18 uninsured during the year (*2014-18 average)</td>
<td>117</td>
<td>4.2%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>USE OF PUBLIC SUPPORTS</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Children 0-4 receiving WIC (*2003)</td>
<td>147</td>
<td>24.7%</td>
<td>-17.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Students eligible for free or reduced-price lunches</td>
<td>633</td>
<td>33.9%</td>
<td>+24.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Individual tax filers who receive the EITC (*2017)</td>
<td>720</td>
<td>12.5%</td>
<td>+18.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Individuals receiving Food Assistance</td>
<td>988</td>
<td>8.5%</td>
<td>+167.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Individuals participating in Family Investment Program</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
<td>-69.2%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Incidences of five or less have been suppressed to protect confidentiality

To download data or view data snapshots for other Iowa counties, visit www.cfpciowa.org and click on “Kids Count Data.”
## About the Kids Count indicators

### FAMILY/COMM ECON WELL-BEING

**Child poverty**
- Children 0-17 who lived below poverty during the year
  - U.S. Census Bureau
- Children growing up in poverty (defined here as $23,850 for a family of four) are much more likely than peers to experience stress and deprivation that hinders development and readiness for school and life.

### FAMILY/COMM ECON WELL-BEING

**Unemployment**
- Individuals 16 and over in the labor force but unemployed
  - Iowa Workforce Development
  - High levels of unemployment in a community make it difficult for families to move up the economic ladder. It also contributes to family stress when a parent struggles to find work.

### SCHOOL READINESS & SUCCESS

**Preschool participation**
- Children ages 3-4 enrolled in preschool
  - U.S. Census Bureau
- Children who participate in a high-quality preschool program are more likely to be socially and cognitively ready for kindergarten. The benefits are strongest for low-income children and children facing other risk factors.

### SCHOOL READINESS & SUCCESS

**8th grade math**
- Students proficient on the Iowa Assessments and Iowa Alternate Assessment
  - Iowa Department of Education
- Proficiency in math by the end of middle school prepares students for higher-order math classes they will need to succeed in high school as well as the basic skills needed for adult life.

### SCHOOL READINESS & SUCCESS

**High school graduation**
- Public school students entering 9th grade who graduate with their class 4 years later
  - Iowa Department of Education
- A high school diploma is the baseline credential needed for higher education, most kinds of job training and many jobs. Adults without one are much more likely to struggle economically.

### SCHOOL READINESS & SUCCESS

**Teen births**
- Females ages 15-19 giving birth
  - Iowa Department of Public Health
  - Children born to teen mothers are more likely to be born prematurely or low birth-weight and to die as infants. Teen mothers are less likely to finish high school or go on to college and more likely to rely on public supports.

### STABLE, SECURE FAMILIES

**Single-parent families**
- Families with children that are headed by a single parent
  - U.S. Census Bureau
- Children in single-parent families typically do not have the same economic or human resources available in two-parent families. They are more likely to drop out of school and experience divorce in adulthood.

### STABLE, SECURE FAMILIES

**Child abuse & neglect**
- Confirmed cases of child abuse or neglect among children 0-17
  - Iowa Dept. of Human Services
- Experiencing abuse or neglect is one of the adverse childhood experiences that hinders healthy development — physical, mental and cognitive — and can affect well-being far into adulthood.

### HEALTHY CHILDREN

**Infant mortality**
- Deaths of infants before age 1 per 1,000 children
  - Iowa Department of Public Health
- In addition to being a child outcome, data on infant mortality is used as a proxy for population health. The many factors that shape population health also shape infant mortality rates.

### HEALTHY CHILDREN

**Child deaths**
- Deaths of children ages 1-14 per 100,000 children
  - Iowa Department of Public Health
- Child death rates can point to underlying problems and inequities within a community, such as the safety of neighborhoods, access to health care or exposure to environmental toxins.

### HEALTHY CHILDREN

**Uninsured children**
- Children 0-18 who are uninsured during the year
  - U.S. Census Bureau
  - Health coverage is the key that opens the door to the health-care system. Insured children are more likely to get timely medical care, including well-child visits, that contributes to overall health.

### ACCESS TO PUBLIC SUPPORTS

**WIC Program**
- Children 0-4 participating in the Women, Infants, & Children program
  - Iowa Department of Public Health
  - WIC offers supplemental foods, referrals and nutrition education for low-income pregnant and postpartum women and children through age 4.

### ACCESS TO PUBLIC SUPPORTS

**Free or Reduced-Price Lunch**
- Students eligible for free or low-cost meals while at school
  - Iowa Department of Education
- This federally funded program provides meals to students. Available to families with incomes up to 185 percent of the federal poverty level, it is a commonly used proxy for poverty.

### ACCESS TO PUBLIC SUPPORTS

**Food Assistance**
- Monthly average of individuals receiving Food Assistance
  - Iowa Dept. of Human Services
  - The Food Assistance Program (known nationally as SNAP) provides financial assistance that low-income Iowans, including many children and working adults, can use to buy groceries.

### ACCESS TO PUBLIC SUPPORTS

**Family Investment Program**
- Monthly average of individuals participating in FIP
  - Iowa Dept. of Human Services
- Iowa’s version of the federal TANF program provides cash assistance to eligible low-income families for up to 60 months. It serves a small and shrinking share of the population.

### ACCESS TO PUBLIC SUPPORTS

**EITC**
- Individual tax filers who receive the Earned Income Tax Credit
  - Internal Revenue Service
- The EITC is recognized across the political spectrum as a successful antipoverty program that ensures that people who work are able to provide for their families.